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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/753,483	01/09/2004	Sumio Okuno	648.41258CX1	6885
20457 75	7590 10/28/2004		EXAMINER	
ANTONELLI,	, TERRY, STOUT &	JULES, FRANTZ F		
1300 NORTH S SUITE 1800	SEVENTEENTH STRI	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ARLINGTON, VA 22209-9889			3617	
			DATE MAIL ED. 10/29/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/753,483	OKUNO ET AL.	8			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Frantz F. Jules	3617				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	ppears on the cover she	et with the correspondence add	ress			
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION is ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, n eply within the statutory minimum od will apply and will expire SIX (6 ute, cause the application to beco	nay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.) MONTHS from the mailing date of this con me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.			
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	•					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims			,			
4)🛛	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application	on.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-4,7-12</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) <u>5-6</u> is/are objected to.						
8)∐	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	l/or election requiremen	t.				
Applicati	on Papers						
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
•	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	gn priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)[☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of: 1.☐ Certified copies of the priority docume	unta haya haan raasiyad					
	1. Certified copies of the priority docume2. Certified copies of the priority docume						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr		•••	Stane			
	application from the International Bure	•		nage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
	· ·	·					
Attachmen	t(s)						
1) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		view Summary (PTO-413)				
3) 🔯 Inforr	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 r No(s)/Mail Date <u>01092004</u> .)8) 5) 🔲 Notic	r No(s)/Mail Date e of Informal Patent Application (PTO- r:	152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Pavlick et al (US 4,715,292).

Claim 10

Pavlick et al teach all the limitations of claim 16 by showing in figs. 1-8 a railway car formation comprising plural car bodies being connected, characterized in that both ends (16, 20) of a respective car body of the railway car formation, constituting a portion of a passenger room (102) are equipped with parts that shrink as shown in fig. 5 in the longitudinal direction of said respective car body when said respective car body collides against another car body being adjacent thereto.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 1-4, 7-9, 11-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pavlick et al (US 4,715,292) in view of Torke (US 3,983,962). Claims 1-4, 7-9, 11-12

Pavlick et al discloses a railway car comprising an underframe (A), side structure (B) and a roof structure (C), characterized in that in the underframe (A), the material used to form both longitudinal ends (16, 20) of the car body is softer than the material used to form the longitudinal center.

Members constituting the floor portion as well as side sill members (120, 136, 148) and the underframe are selected such that the material used to form both end areas of the members, which depicts both front end section and rear end section of the rail car being collapsible as well as tubular members (136, 148).

Pavlick disclose all of the features as listed above but does not disclose a railway car wherein in the underframe, material used to form both longitudinal ends being formed by annealing. The general concept of using the process of annealing a material used in a vehicle for the purpose of absorbing energy is well known in the art as illustrated by Torke which discloses the use of annealing process in the softening a frame member used for energy absorbing purpose, see fig. 1, col. 1, lines 5-8, lines 48-51, lines 55-57, lines 64-68. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Pavlick et al to include the use of material softened by annealing process in both longitudinal ends of the underframe of the railway car as taught by Torke in order to increase the buckling resistance of the frame member, prevent

perpendicular extension of corrugation to the bending edge of the frame members thereby increasing safety during a collision.

Claim 7

Regarding using longitudinal ends of the railroad car that extend 100 to 500 mm as recited in claim 7, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Pavlick et al to include the use of longitudinal ends of the railroad car that extend 100 to 500 mm in his advantageous system, as end bumper sizing is a common and everyday occurrence throughout the railroad car design art and the specific use of longitudinal ends of the railroad car that extend 100 to 500 mm would have been an obvious matter of design preference depending upon such factors as the intensity of the impact loading, the yield strength of the front end material; the targeted weight of the railroad car; the ordinarily skilled artisan choosing the best stress profile corresponding to a particular loading imposed on the side walls which would most optimize the cost and performance of the device for a particular application at hand, based upon the above noted common design criteria.

Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 5-6 are objected for the informalities as listed above but would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the above listed informalities.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Frantz F. Jules whose telephone number is (703) 308-

8780. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday and every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph S. Morano can be reached on (703) 308-0230. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

Frantz F. Jules Primary Examiner Art Unit 3617

FFJ

October 26, 2004

FRANTZ F. JULES
PRIMARY EXAMINED